

TSXV: RUSH | OTCQB: P

Exploring for Gold and Copper in the Southeast US/

8407

Precious Metals Summit, Zurich - November 11, 2024

Cover Photo: Reclaimed Brewer Open Pit/Heap Leach Mine Site, South Carolina, USA

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This Presentation includes "forward looking statements", within the meaning of applicable securities legislation, which are based on the opinions and estimates of management and are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate", "budget", "plan", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "may", "will", "project", "predict", "potential", "targeting", "intend", "could", "might", "should", "believe" and similar words suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, risks associated with the mining industry (including operational risks in exploration development and production; delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures; the uncertainties involved in the discovery and delineation of mineral deposits, resources or reserves; the uncertainty surrounding the ability of RUSH to context of resource and reserve estimates and projections in relation to production, costs and expenses; the uncertainty surrounding the ability of RUSH to fund the capital and operating expenses necessary to achieve the business objectives of RUSH, the uncertainty associated with commercial negotiations and negotiating with foreign governments and risks associated with international business activities, as well as those risks described in public disclosure documents filed by RUSH. Due to the risks, uncertainties and assumptions inherent in forward-looking statements, prospective investors in securities of RUSH should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

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Historical Results

This Presentation contains past mineral exploration results. RUSH has not yet completed the work necessary to verify those past exploration results and the results should not be relied upon. In addition, this Presentation contains information with respect to adjacent mineral properties obtained through public ally available documents. Such information has not been independently verified by RUSH and is not necessarily indicative of the mineralization on RUSH's projects.

The technical and scientific information in this Presentation has been reviewed and approved by Patrick Quigley, MSc, CPG-12116, a Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101 of the Canadian Securities Administrations.

CURRENT PROJECTS

With Additional Target Development for Exploration & Discovery in the Region



BREWER MINE: Epithermal Gold-Copper & Porphyry Target

- Historic open pit gold mine: produced +200,000 oz Au
- Epithermal gold resource target:
 - pit floor ready to drill
 - expanded target from IP survey
- Big company porphyry copper-gold target: Venture discussions in progress

SAWYER & NEW SAWYER: Two historic Gold Mines

- Sawyer Trend gold properties: +20 km structural gold trend
- Sawyer Mine: historic gold resource validate and expand gold resource
- New Sawyer Mine: immediate gold resource potential

SOUTHEAST USA: NORTH AMERICA'S FIRST GOLD DISTRICT

Carolina Terrane: 10.35 M oz Gold Endowment

- Major metallogenic province
- Porphyry/epithermal and orogenic gold mineralization
- Gold discovered 50 years before California
- 1,493 mines and prospects documented

GEOLOGICAL SETTING OF EASTERN NORTH AMERICA





CAROLINA RUSH HOLDS 3 HISTORIC GOLD MINES





Golden Triangle (BC) Same Scale

* USGS Professional Paper 213



BREWER MINE, NEXT TO HAILE MINE

| Table 1. Brewer Mine Production : 1987 - 1993 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Location | Ore Tonnes | Waste Tonnes | Total Tonnes | Au Oz (calc) | | | | | |
| Brewer | 4,487,441 | 4,500,617 | 8,869,699 | 1.20 | 173,150 | | | | |
| B6 | 556,929 | 1,578,809 | 2,135,738 | 1.27 | 22,717 | | | | |
| NW Trend | 92,268 | 330,039 | 433,843 | 1.06 | 3,153 | | | | |
| TOTALS | 5,136,638 | 6,737,146 | 11,873,784 | 1.20 | 199,021 | | | | |

* Source: Modified from Zwaschka and Scheetz, 1995

| Deposit | Туре | Host Rocks | Alteration | Historic*/Current Resource (Moz Au) | Au Age (Ma) |
|----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Haile | Sediment-hosted epithermal | Persimmon Fork metasediments | Quartz-pyrite-sericite | 4.20 | 549 |
| Ridgeway | Sediment-hosted epithermal | Persimmon Fork metasediments | Quartz-pyrite-sericite | 1.44 | 553 |
| Brewer | High sulfidation epithermal | Persimmon Fork metavolcanics | Quartz-pyrite- aluminosilicate | See Table 1* | 550 |

* Haile Gold Mine (OceanaGold), located 17 km from Brewer Mine; expected 130,000 to 150,000 ounces of gold per year – produced 176,000 ounces in 2022 (www.oceanagold.com)

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ROMARCO & THE HAILE GOLD MINE HISTORY

A Compelling Journey of Discovery, Strategic Growth, to ~C\$856M Acquisition by Oceana Gold Corp.



- September 2008: Paradigm Capital was the first Banker to cover Romarco Minerals when Romarco was trading at ~C\$0.15
- 2011 2015: The stock traded as high as C\$2.83 in the boom years, then deflated to under C\$0.50 as the gold price dropped from \$1900 to \$1,050
- July 31, 2015: OceanaGold acquired Romarco for C\$856M. The implied takeover price (all-share transaction) was C\$0.68 representing a >450% premium from the initial acquisition of Haile

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• Haile Gold Mine History: Originally discovered by Benjamin Haile in 1827, is one of the oldest gold mines in the US

• Romarco Entry: Romarco Minerals acquired the Haile Gold Mine in 2007.

- Focused Drilling and Resource Expansion: Romarco re-evaluated historical data, conducted environmental assessments and developed a mine plan
- **Technical and Environmental Challenges:** Romarco worked closely with local stakeholders and regulatory bodies to meet environmental standards, which included measures to protect local water sources and habitat.
- NI 43-101 Resources announcements: (i) Maiden NI 43-101 Resource Estimate (2007); (ii) Updated Resource and Preliminary Economic Assessment (2010); (iii) Feasibility Study (2011); (iv) Updated Feasibility Study (2014).
- **Feasibility Study & Financing:** With a positive study in place by 2011, Romarco sought to raise the necessary capital for construction. They attracted strategic investments and raised funds through both debt and equity.
- **Construction and Jobs Creation:** In 2013, Romarco received permits to proceed with construction and by 2014, the company was creating jobs in the region, contributing to local economic growth.



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2

Acquisition and Terms: OceanaGold acquired Romarco for ~ \$856 million CAD (~US\$650M). OceanaGold subsequently completed construction and commenced production at Haile in 2017.

BREWER EXPLORATION TO DATE

Key Objectives and Achievements

#1: EVALUATE POTENTIAL OF BACKFILL MATERIAL

- 6 Sonic holes completed (350 m) through backfilled pit
- 488 large samples collected from pit backfill material

#2: EXTEND GOLD-COPPER MINERALIZATION BELOW FORMER MINE

- B21C-005: 181.6m @ 1.24 g/t Au, 0.27% Cu from 56m depth Including: 10.1m @ 8.20 g/t Au, 0.24% Cu from 65m depth
- B21C-008: 106.5m @ 1.07 g/t Au, 0.26% Cu from 52m depth Including: 45.2m @ 2.03 g/t Au, 0.52% Cu from 104m depth

#3: DISCOVERY THROUGH EXPLORATION

- Tanyard Breccia discovered in 2021, follow up drilling in 2023 yielded highest gold grades ever reported at Brewer:
 - B23C-021: 62.5m @ 8.5 g/t Au, 0.3% Cu from 111.5m depth

Including: 2.5m @ 169 g/t Au from 170.5m depth

#4: DEMONSTRATE POTENTIAL OF THE BREWER SYSTEM

- Modern exploration of a historic gold mine: data-driven, systematic approach
- Exploration model has identified important vectors into a potential porphyry copper system



RECLAIMED PITS: ~ 12 Mt OF BACKFILL MATERIAL

Reclaimed Backfill Material (vertical section, looking west)



* The Company cautions that a Qualified Person has not done sufficient work to classify the Historic Estimate as current mineral resources or mineral resources or mineral reserves under NI 43-101. The Company is not treating the Historical Estimate as current mineral resources or mineral reserves under NI 43-101. The Company is not treating the Historical Estimate as current mineral resources or mineral reserves or mineral reserves under NI 43-101. The Company is not treating the Historical Estimate as current mineral resources or mineral resources or mineral reserves in accordance with NI 43-101. However, the Company plans to conduct further evaluation and/or exploration work with the objective of verifying or upgrading the Historic Estimate as mineral resources in accordance with NI 43-101.

SUMMARY OF BEST INTERSECTIONS AT BREWER

| RANK | Drill Hole | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Au (g/t) | Cu (%) | Au GxT |
|------|---------------|-------------|--------|-----------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| 1 | B23C-021 | 111.50 | 174.00 | 62.50 | 8.45 | 0.28 | 528 |
| 2 | B21C-005 | 56.00 | 237.60 | 181.60 | 1.24 | 0.27 | 225 |
| 3 | B21C-008 | 52.00 | 158.50 | 106.50 | 1.07 | 0.26 | 114 |
| 4 | B20C-004 | 66.41 | 182.00 | 115.59 | 0.91 | 0.17 | 105 |
| 5 | B24C-034 | 106.20 | 167.20 | 61.00 | 1.65 | 0.28 | 101 |
| 6 | B23C-018 | 166.50 | 241.00 | 74.50 | 1.10 | 0.12 | 82 |
| 7 | B21C-015 | 44.60 | 107.00 | 62.40 | 1.03 | 0.15 | 64 |
| 8 | B24C-027 | 91.00 | 143.50 | 52.50 | 1.00 | 0.14 | 53 |
| 9 | B24C-028 | 106.50 | 156.50 | 50.00 | 1.01 | 0.1 | 51 |
| 10 | B24C-022 | 49.00 | 106.50 | 56.00 | 0.70 | 0.11 | 39 |
| 11 | B24C-026 | 133.00 | 182.92 | 49.92 | 0.73 | <0.1 | 36 |
| 12 | B23C-020 | 163.50 | 229.45 | 65.95 | 0.50 | <0.10 | 33 |
| 13 | B21C-010 | 81.95 | 93.85 | 11.90 | 2.22 | 0.07 | 26 |
| 14 | B21C-009 | 154.55 | 170.50 | 15.95 | 1.09 | 0.22 | 17 |
| 15 | B20C-002 | 116.10 | 141.90 | 25.80 | 0.53 | <0.1 | 14 |

Notes: *Reported intervals are drilled widths and do not represent true thicknesses. Holes ranked in terms of best GxT value (GxT = Au grade x thickness). Table shows reported intersections with a GxT value > 10 and an average grade >0.5 g/t Au, with new results highlighted in yellow.





| | Drill Hole | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Au (g/t) | Cu (%) |
|---------|------------|----------|--------|--------------|----------|--------|
| | B20C-004 | 66.41 | 182.00 | 115.59 | 0.91 | 0.17 |
| | Incl. | 150.50 | 166.00 | 15.50 | 2.35 | 0.46 |
| | Incl. | 162.55 | 166.00 | 3.45 | 5.29 | 1.19 |
| | B21C-005 | 56.00 | 237.60 | 181.60 | 1.24 | 0.27 |
| | Incl. | 62.00 | 137.00 | 75.00 | 2.13 | 0.26 |
| \star | Incl. | 64.90 | 75.00 | 10.10 | 8.20 | 0.24 |
| | B21C-008 | 52.00 | 158.50 | 106.50 | 1.07 | 0.26 |
| | Incl. | 104.00 | 149.23 | 45.23 | 2.03 | 0.52 |
| | Incl. | 141.00 | 149.23 | 8.23 | 5.04 | 1.43 |
| | B21C-015 | 44.60 | 107.00 | 62.40 | 1.03 | 0.15 |
| | Incl. | 76.50 | 97.70 | 21.20 | 2.23 | 0.36 |
| | Incl. | 87.00 | 90.00 | 3.00 | 5.17 | 0.39 |
| | B23C-018 | 166.50 | 241.00 | 74.50 | 1.10 | 0.17 |
| | Incl. | 172.00 | 175.50 | 5.50 | 5.77 | 0.12 |
| | And | 203.09 | 216.54 | 13.45 | 1.70 | 0.68 |
| | B23C-021 | 111.50 | 174.00 | 62.50 | 8.45 | 0.28 |
| | Incl. | 132.70 | 149.00 | 16.30 | 2.83 | 1.00 |
| \star | Incl. | 170.50 | 173.00 | 2.50 | 168.72 | <0.1 |
| | B24C-027 | 91.00 | 143.50 | 52.50 | 1.00 | 0.14 |
| | Incl. | 121.53 | 140.50 | 18.97 | 1.93 | 0.35 |
| | Incl. | 124.85 | 130.12 | 5.27 | 2.50 | 0.95 |
| | B24C-034 | 106.20 | 167.20 | 61.00 | 1.65 | 0.28 |
| | Incl. | 121.70 | 167.20 | 45.50 | 2.06 | 0.35 |
| \star | Incl. | 145.65 | 151.00 | 5.35 | 6.92 | 1.20 |

Higher Grades within Broad Mineralized Zones







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BRECCIA HOSTED GOLD-COPPER DEPOSIT



LITHOLOGY, MINERALIZATION & ALTERATION

Breccia and Mineralization

B21C-005: 165.4 m



Multiple episodes of brecciation and veining, complex paragenesis

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B21C-008: 120.3 m



Sub-rounded, polyphase, clast-supported, sulfide clasts and matrix: note covellite in center

B21C-008: 104.5 m



Angular, monolithic, matrix-supported

B21C-008: 67.6 m



Large, mineralized quartz-porphyry clast within breccia

TANYARD ZONE PHOTOS



TANYARD BRECCIA EXTENDED WITH CURRENT DRILLING

Recent Drilling Testing the Breccia Along ~ 250m of Strike from 50 – 150 m Below Surface

| Drill Hole | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Au (g/t) | Cu (%) |
|------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| B21C-015 | 44.60 | 107.00 | 62.40 | 1.03 | 0.15 |
| Incl. | 76.50 | 97.70 | 21.20 | 2.23 | 0.36 |
| B23C-021 | 111.50 | 174.00 | 62.50 | 8.45 | 0.28 |
| Incl. | 132.70 | 149.00 | 16.30 | 2.83 | 1.00 |
| And | 170.50 | 173.00 | 2.50 | 168.72 | <0.10 |
| B24C-022 | 49.00 | 106.50 | 56.00 | 0.70 | 0.11 |
| Incl. | 53.88 | 80.85 | 26.97 | 1.01 | 0.13 |
| B24C-026 | 133.00 | 182.92 | 49.92 | 0.73 | <0.1 |
| Incl. | 136.00 | 149.00 | 13.00 | 1.59 | 0.21 |
| B24C-027 | 91.00 | 143.50 | 52.50 | 1.00 | 0.14 |
| Incl. | 121.53 | 140.50 | 18.97 | 1.93 | 0.35 |
| B24C-028 | 106.50 | 156.50 | 50.00 | 1.0 | 0.10 |
| Incl. | 132.00 | 143.20 | 11.20 | 1.8 | <0.10 |
| B24C-029 | 88.50 | 141.50 | 53.00 | 0.47 | <0.10 |
| Incl. | 109.00 | 120.00 | 11.00 | 1.06 | <0.10 |
| B24C-030 | 67.50 | 103.00 | 35.50 | 0.30 | <0.10 |
| B24C-032 | 88.00 | 95.50 | 7.50 | 0.47 | <0.1 |
| B24C-034 | 106.20 | 167.20 | 61.00 | 1.65 | 0.28 |
| Incl. | 121.70 | 167.20 | 45.50 | 2.06 | 0.35 |
| Incl. | 145.65 | 151.00 | 5.35 | 6.92 | 1.20 |



BREWER GEOLOGY: EXPLORATION MODEL

Diatreme Breccias and Porphyry Target



• High-Level diatreme at surface, above porphyry system at depth

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Propylitic

Porphyry Cu Model

Cross-Section

Hypogene acid

Modified from "Transition from Epithermal to Porphyry Ore Environments" Hedenquist, 201 Steam-heated

PORPHYRY COPPER POTENTIAL

Lithocap and High-Sulfidation Au-Cu Represents the Shallow Parts of a Porphyry System

- A review of the Brewer Project provided evidence for the existence of porphyry-type mineralization
- A series of geologic and geochemical vectors suggest that the alteration zone has been tilted since its formation and may now be inclined broadly northwestward at 30 – 50°
- To further test this interpretation, two drill holes are proposed in the northwestern part of the alteration zone before deep drilling in search of the porphyry copper center



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Surface Map Showing Porphyry Copper Vectors



PORPHYRY COPPER POTENTIAL

Indications of deep lithocap environment, approaching epithermal-porphyry transition





B21C-016: 227 m. Patchy pyrophyllite "gusano" alteration textures



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B21C-016: 223m. Chalcopyrite + Bornite

NEXT STEPS

Maiden Mineral Resource Estimate in Progress

- Recently completed 3,000 m drill program
 - Assays pending for two additional Tanyard exploration holes
 - Drill hole B21C-016 extended to 658m depth, deepest hole ever drilled at Brewer – assays pending
- Maiden NI43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate in progress
 expected Q1 2025
- Zonge Geophysical test work
 - A series of geophysical (MT) tests have been performed to better understand methods best suited to map deep porphyry
- Results of Hole 16 extension and Zonge test work will inform deep drilling program to target porphyry copper center
- Advance discussions for possible Brewer JV to help fund deep drilling program



NEXT STEPS

Regional Opportunities

- RUSH has identified numerous prospects and areas of interest that are available for acquisition
- Acquired two former gold mines along the Sawyer Trend in North Carolina
- No significant competition in the area despite favorable geology and stable, pro-mining jurisdiction
- Limited modern exploration

 significant opportunity for next major discovery



CAPITAL STRUCTURE

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| Capital Structure (as of November 1, 2024) | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Share Price: | \$0.09 | | | | | |
| Shares Outstanding: | 59,000,122 | | | | | |
| Warrants: | 23,210,931 | | | | | |
| Options: | 3,466,000 | | | | | |
| Fully Diluted: | 85,677,053 | | | | | |
| 52 Week Range: | \$0.04 - \$0.29 | | | | | |
| Market Capitalization: | \$5,310,011 | | | | | |
| Insider Ownership: | 20% | | | | | |
| Institutions: | 37% | | | | | |
| Analyst Coverage: | Don Blyth, Paradigm Capital dblyth@paradigmcap.com T: +416.903.3461 | | | | | |



Carolina RUSH

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Server Long Sprink in Name and Springer

Jeanny So, Corporate Communications Manager info@thecarolinarush.com



Appendix

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Technical Experience & Seasoned Management

LAYTON CROFT – President, CEO & Director

- Executive with +20 years of global minerals and mining industry experience including senior roles with Ivanhoe Mines, Rio Tinto, Peabody Energy and Duke Energy in Asia, Africa and North America
- Independent Chairman of Erdene Resource Development (TSX: ERD) since 2019
- BA from UNC-Chapel Hill and MA from Tufts University
- Based in North Carolina

KEITH LASKOWSKI, MSc, QP – Senior Technical Advisor

- Mining geologist and executive with +40 years of global experience in +40 countries in the discovery, development, extraction and financing of mining projects
- 17 years as Newmont Exploration Senior Geologist and Regional Manager
- 14 years leading Junior Exploration Companies in executive roles
- Principal Mining Specialist for World Bank's International Finance Corporation (2012-15)
- VP Technical Services for Sandstorm Gold Royalties (since 2015)
- MSc Geology from Colorado School of Mines, BA University of Maine
- Based in Montana

MARK MCMURDIE – CFO

- Executive with over 30 years of senior leadership experience in public and private companies
- Also a CFO for Sylla Gold Corp. (TSXV: SYG) and KO Gold Inc. (CSE: KOG)
- Based in Ontario

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PATRICK QUIGLEY, MSc, QP – Exploration Manager & Senior Geologist

- Mining geologist with +15 years of professional exploration experience working on a variety of base and precious metal deposit types at generative through advanced stages of exploration and development, including:
 - Back Forty VMS, USA (permitting, Gold Resource)
 - · Rodeo low-sulphidation epithermal, Mexico (production, Golden Minerals)
 - Quevar high-sulphidation epithermal, Argentina (JV with Barrick)
- BS from University of Minnesota and MSc from Colorado School of Mines
- Based in Michigan

JEN SPOHN – Administration & Data Manager

- Senior manager with +20 years of professional experience
- 7 years with Pancon Resources Carolinas leading project support for the Brewer and Jefferson exploration programs in South Carolina
- 6 years with Firebird Resources leading project support for the Jefferson, Buzzard and Belk exploration programs in South Carolina
- 10 years total as Environmental Scientist with KCI Technologies and Taylor Wiseman & Taylor in North Carolina
- BS from State University of New York
- Based in North Carolina

JEANNY SO – Corporate Communications Manager

- Senior consultant and corporate affairs professional with +20 years of global experience in the minerals and mining industry
- · Manages investor relations, strategic marketing, digital media and corporate communications
- Based in Ontario

TECHNICAL EXPERIENCE & SEASONED GOVERNANCE

Board of Directors

LAYTON CROFT – President, CEO & Director

- Executive with +20 years of global minerals and mining industry experience including senior roles with Ivanhoe Mines, Rio Tinto, Peabody Energy and Duke Energy in Asia, Africa and North America
- Independent Chairman of Erdene Resource Development (TSX: ERD) since 2019
- BA from UNC-Chapel Hill and MA from Tufts University

DAVID PETROFF – Independent Director

- Executive and entrepreneur with 40+ years of global experience
- He served as President, CEO and Director of Jaguar Mining from 2012-2014 and as President, CEO and Director of Breakwater Resources from 2009-2011
- From 2004-2008, David was Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Centerra Gold, a spin-off from Cameco. David was Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President, Finance and Administration for Cameco from 1997-2004

GORDON BABCOCK, P.Eng. – Independent Director

- · Mining executive and professional engineer with more than 42 years of experience
- Worked in mine management in both underground and open pit operations, project development, engineering, exploration, and mine consulting in precious, base metals and aggregate operations across the Americas
- He has been involved with new operations, asset optimizations and strategies for stakeholder engagement in Peru, Chile, Brazil, Honduras, Spain, Bolivia, Argentina, the U.S. and Canada.
- Gordon is a graduate of Queen's University and is a member of the Association of Professional Engineers Ontario.

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Strategic Advisors

DAVID MOSHER

- Mining geologist and executive with 45+ years of global experience
- Former CEO of High River Gold: led multiple gold projects/mines in Canada, West Africa and Russia
- · Co-founder and independent chair of Pancon
- Degree from Acadia University

LAWRENCE (LAURIE) CURTIS, PhD

- Mining geologist who founded the company that discovered and developed the world class Tujuh Bukit gold-copper district in Indonesia, with many similarities to Brewer
- 50+ years of global exploration and executive leadership experience and success
- Degrees from Australian National University and University of Toronto

PHILIP CORRIHER

- Philip began investing in historic gold properties in North Carolina after a career in the international crude oil trading business as VP of Risk Management for a privately owned trading firm
- Born and raised in the Piedmont region of North Carolina, and graduated from North Carolina State University as a Park Scholar and Centennial Scholar
- In 2015, Philip founded Carolina Mining Company in order to consolidate the most prospective historic gold, silver and base metals mines of North Carolina

KENNETH C. BROWN

• A North Carolina native, Mr. Brown brings relevant entrepreneurial skills, business expertise and local knowledge to the Company's strategic advisory group.

BREWER HISTORY

200 Years of Gold Prospecting, Exploration & Mining

Brewer becomes a Superfund Site

When the company abandoned the site in 1999, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) took title to the site and oversaw water treatment operations to contain acid rock drainage.

In 2005, the EPA placed Brewer on the Superfund National Priorities List.

The EPA today confirms that Brewer, under its current control and maintenance (costing ~US\$1 million/year) poses no threat to people at or near the site, nor to the natural environment.



Water Treatment

In 1995, Brewer Gold Company notified the State of South Carolina of its intent to stop operations at the mine.

The State required Brewer to close and reclaim the mine. During reclamation activities, acid drainage began to emerge and Brewer constructed a water treatment plant which they operated from 1995 to 1999.



1990

In 1990, following historic rainstorms, a tailings dam breached and >10 million gallons of cyanide solution contaminated the nearby creek and river.

The dam and plastic-lined tailings pond were repaired, and the company resumed mining in 1991.

Drilling in 1970s

Drilling in the 1970s returned 64.3m of 3.3 g/t Au and 0.5% Cu from 30.8m to 95.1 m

Reason to believe the oxide might be heap leachable.



First Mined in 1820s

\$450k of gold production was mined (2/3 from placer mining from the Tanyard Syncline and 1/3 from the open pit). Circa 1983-1995

1983

Chris Cherrywell was the lead geologist responsible for discovering the oxide potential of the Brewer Gold Mine in 1983-84.

High-grade oxide gold was mined near surface (down to ~50 meters) by oxide-specific heap leach technology, in total 178,000 ounces of gold from 1987-95.

Sulphide-hosted gold and copper below 30 meters depth was known, but since there was no way to process it, the sulphide-rich ore was stockpiled on surface and left in the open pit.

BREWER OPTION AGREEMENT

Exclusive Right to Explore & Purchase Brewer Through 2030

Key terms of the Option Agreement:

- Purchase Price shall be determined by:
 - 1. 60% of past costs incurred by SC DHEC & EPA between 2005 2024 (~\$30M spent since 1999 & about \$1.2M per year)
 - 2. Pro-rated sum of deferred annual payments incurred by the Company from 2025 through 2030
 - 3. RUSH to post financial assurance at closing, which according to EPA guidelines, can be satisfied through one of five non-cash methods (Trust Funds; Letters of Credit; Surety Bonds; Insurance Policies; Corporate Financial Tests; or Corporate Guarantees (<u>https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/financial-assurance-superfund-settlements-and-orders</u>).
- The sale price is not related to Mineral Resource Value/Asset Value

| Amount in US\$ | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------|----------------|-----------|------|-----------------|---|--------|---|---|--------|
| Option payment | - | - | - | - | - | \$1.4M | \$1.4M | \$1.4M | \$1.5M | \$1.5M | \$1.5M |
| Exploration expenditure obligations | | | | | | To extend ex | To extend through 2028 must have spent \$9M un exploration between 2020 - 2027 | | To exten 2029, m \$1.5M on in 2 To exten 2030, mus ⁻ \$1.5M on in 2 | d through ust spend exploration 2028 d through t have spent exploration 2029 | |
| Exploration Expenditure | | \$5.2M s | pent through C | 22 - 2024 | | | | | | | |

BREWER HIGH RESOLUTION INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

2D-IP Geophysics

- Extensive Dipole-Dipole IP-Resistivity survey in 2022 across Brewer and surrounding Jefferson properties
- 61.5 line km surveyed, A=100, N=8, ~250m depth of investigation
- Integrated with geologic model and covers exploration targets to south and west of former mine



HIGH RESOLUTION INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

2022 Induced Polarization Survey



Resistivity and Chargeability Model Slices at Elevation = 50m (2D Section Models) - Data Will be Utilized to Plan Porphyry Cu-Au and Near Surface Au Drill Targets

SAWYER TREND PROPERTIES IN RANDOLPH COUNTY, NC

An Alignment of Gold Deposits Over a +20 km Long Trend



- Exploring the +20 km Long Sawyer-Keystone Gold Trend
- Recently recognized trend of Haile-type historic gold mines
- No modern exploration programs completed

Possible antiform axial to the Sawyer-Keystone Trend (modified from Seiders, 1981 and Goldsmith et al., 1998). The discontinuous shear zones hosting gold mineralization may be part of a low-strain axial fault zone.

TSXV: RUSH | OTCQB: PTUUF

SAWYER HISTORIC GOLD MINE

Randolph County, North Carolina

Historic Mineral Resource Estimate (2021)*

at Sawyer Mine:

- M&I: 4.3 Mt @ 0.8 g/t Au containing 116,500 oz Au
- Inferred: 1.8 Mt @ 0.7 g/t Au containing 40,600 oz Au

* Based on 0.2 g/t COG

Mineralization

- Outcropping and near surface
- Occurs in 4 parallel zones
- Open for expansion in several areas
- Haile Mine type gold mineralization

* The Company cautions that a Qualified Person has not done sufficient work to classify the Historic Estimate as current mineral resources or mineral reserves under NI 43-101. The Company is not treating the Historical Estimate as current mineral resources or mineral reserves. There can be no certainty, following further evaluation and/or exploration work, that the Historic Estimate can be upgraded or verified as mineral resources or mineral reserves in accordance with NI 43-101. However, the Company plans to conduct further evaluation and/or exploration work with the objective of verifying or upgrading the Historic Estimate as mineral resources or mineral reserves in accordance with NI 43-101.



SAWYER

Recent Verification Trenches of Historic Data

| Trench ID | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Au (g/t) | Trench ID | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Au (g/t) |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|
| ST23-01 | 0 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 1.9 | ST23-02 | 0 | 34.0 | 34.0 | 1.1 |
| Incl. | 12.0 | 33.0 | 21.0 | 2.9 | Incl. | 0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 1.8 |
| Incl. | 18.0 | 30.0 | 12.0 | 3.9 | Incl. | 24.0 | 28.0 | 4.0 | 1.7 |





Primary Host: QSP Altered Felsic Volcanic and Sediment



NEW SAWYER GOLD MINE

Randolph County, North Carolina

- Gold was produced from multiple zones hosted in Haile-type sericite-pyrite-clay alteration
- Large, structurally controlled alteration zone
- 700 m x 200 m gold geochemical anomaly
- 12 vertical shafts
- The Sawyer & New Sawyer Mines have potential for:
 - Near surface oxide, bulk-mineable gold mineralization
 - Resource drilling and PEA planned to evaluate for potential OP/HL exploration target



NEW SAWYER

Verification Trenches of Historic Data



SAWYER GOLD MINE

Gold Values in Ounce per Short Ton



Historic mine and mineralization map

TSXV: RUSH | OTCQB: PTUUF

* The Property line does not accurately reflect the current property and gold assay values have not been confirmed

SAWYER GOLD MINE

Gold Resource Block Model

Historic Estimate*:

• 3.9 million tonnes at 1.1 g/t Au for 134,600 oz of gold at 0.4 g/t COG

Drilling:

- 29 core holes
- 134 RC holes
- 10,081 metres





SAWYER GOLD MINE

Surface Topography and Example of Historic Mining (View North)



