

NOVAGOLD | SOLID. SECURE. GOLDEN.

## **Cautionary Statements**

#### REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

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This presentation includes certain "forward-looking information" and "forward-looking statements" (collectively "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation, including the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included herein, including, without limitation, statements regarding the permitting, potential development, exploration, construction and operation of Donlin Gold and statements relating to NOVAGOLD's future operating and financial performance and production estimates are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are frequently, but not always, identified by words such as "expects", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "potential", "possible", "poised", and similar expressions, or statements that events, conditions, or results "will", "may", "could", "would" or "should" occur or be achieved. These forward-looking statements may also include statements regarding the exploration potential of Donlin Gold; anticipated mine life; perceived merit of properties; anticipated permitting timeframes; exploration and drilling results and budgets; mineral reserve and resource estimates; work programs; capital expenditures; timelines; strategic plans; benefits of the project; whether a positive construction decision will be made for Donlin Gold; market prices for precious metals; whether the final \$75 million promissory note from the sale of Galore Creek will mature and be payable; potential shareholder returns; or other statements that are not statements of fact. Forwardlooking statements involve various risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from NOVAGOLD's expectations include the uncertainties involving unexpected cost increases, which could include significant increases in estimated capital and operating costs; the need for additional financing to explore and develop properties and availability of financing in the debt and capital markets; uncertainties involved in the interpretation of drilling results and geological tests and the estimation of reserves and resources; the need for continued cooperation with Barrick Gold Corporation for the continued exploration and development of the Donlin Gold property; the need for cooperation of government agencies and native groups in the development and operation of properties; risks of construction and mining projects such as accidents, equipment breakdowns, bad weather, non-compliance with environmental and permit requirements; unanticipated variation in geological structures, ore grades or recovery rates; the need to obtain permits and governmental approvals; fluctuations in metal prices and currency exchange rates; whether a positive construction decision will be made regarding Donlin Gold or Galore Creek; and other risks and uncertainties disclosed in NOVAGOLD's annual report filed on Form 10-K for the year-ended November 30, 2018 with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, Canadian securities regulators, and in other NOVAGOLD reports and documents filed with applicable securities regulatory authorities from time to time. NOVAGOLD's forward-looking statements reflect the beliefs, opinions and projections of management on the date the statements are made. NOVAGOLD assumes no obligation to update the forward-looking statements of beliefs, opinions, projections, or other factors, should they change, except as required

Forward-looking statements are based on a number of material assumptions, including but not limited to the following, which could prove to be significantly incorrect: our ability to achieve production at any of our mineral exploration and development properties; estimated capital costs, operating costs, production and economic returns; estimated metal pricing, metallurgy, mineability, marketability and operating and capital costs, together with other assumptions underlying our resource and reserve estimates; our expected ability to develop adequate infrastructure and that the cost of doing so will be reasonable; assumptions that all necessary permits and governmental approvals will be obtained and the timing of such approvals; assumptions made in the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of our mineral deposits; our expectations regarding demand for equipment, skilled labor and services needed for exploration and development of mineral properties; and that our activities will not be adversely disrupted or impeded by development, operating or regulatory risks.

### CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING RESERVE & RESOURCE ESTIMATES

This presentation uses the terms "mineral resources", "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources". United States investors are advised that, while such terms are recognized and required by Canadian securities laws, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") Industry Guide 7 ("Industry Guide 7") does not recognize them. Under Industry Guide 7, mineralization may not be classified as a "reserve" unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. United States investors are cautioned that they should not assume that all or any part of measured or indicated mineral resources will ever be converted into mineral reserves. Further, inferred mineral resources have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to whether they can be mined legally or economically. Disclosure of "contained ounces" is permitted disclosure under Canadian regulations, however, Industry Guide 7 normally only permits issuers to report "resources" as in place tonnage and grade without reference to unit measures. Accordingly, information concerning descriptions of mineralization and mineral resources contained in this presentation may not be comparable to information made public by United States companies subject to Industry Guide 7 reporting and disclosure requirements. The Company has no reserves, as that term is defined under Industry Guide 7.

On October 31, 2018, the SEC adopted a final rule ("New Final Rule") that will replace Industry Guide 7 with new disclosure requirements that are more closely aligned with current industry and global regulatory practices and standards, including NI 43-101. Companies must comply with the New Final Rule for the first fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, which for NOVAGOLD would be the fiscal year beginning December 1, 2021. While early voluntary compliance with the New Final Rule is permitted, NOVAGOLD has not elected to comply with the New Final Rule at this time.

NI 43-101 is a rule developed by the Canadian Securities Administrators, which established standards for all public disclosure an issuer makes of scientific and technical information concerning mineral projects. Unless otherwise indicated, all resource estimates contained in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and the CIM Definition Standards.

#### **Technical Reports and Qualified Persons**

The documents referenced below provide supporting technical information for the Donlin Gold project.

Project Qualified Person(s) Most Recent Disclosure

Donlin Gold Gordon Seibel R.M. SME "Donlin Creek Gold Project Alaska, USA, NI 43-101 Technical Report on Second Updated Feasibility Study" prepared by AMEC, effective November 18, 2011, amended January 20, 2012

Kirk Hanson P.E. (the "Second Updated Feasibility Study").

Clifford Krall, P.E., who is the Mine Engineering Manager for NOVAGOLD and a "qualified person" under NI 43-101, has approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** A Unique Project for the Times

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# A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE PROJECT OF EXCEPTIONAL SCALE, QUALITY, AND JURISDICTIONAL SAFETY



- 50/50 partnership with Barrick Gold
- Positioned to become one of the largest gold mines in the world
- Unique, large-scale open pit project with superior grade in an environment of declining gold reserves, production and average grades
- Most important permits are in place
- Alaska has a time-tested mining culture and respect for socially and environmentally responsible mine development

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Largest Gold Development Project in its Category<sup>1</sup>

### A RESOURCE MORE THAN FIVE TIMES THE SIZE OF THE PEER GROUP AVERAGE

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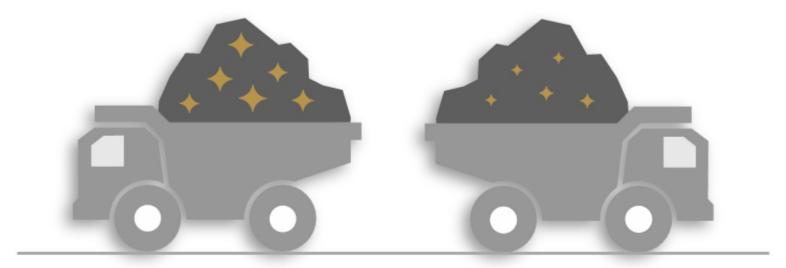
Peer group data based on company documents, public filings and websites as of August 31, 2019. Comparison group of 14 projects based on large (2Moz P&P cut off), North/South American gold-focused development projects with >75% projected revenues from gold.

Represents 100% of measured and indicated mineral resources, inclusive of mineral reserves, of which NOVAGOLD's share is 50%. See "Cautionary Note Concerning Reserve and Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31, respectively.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Double the Industry Average Grade<sup>2</sup>

### AMONG THE WORLD'S HIGHEST-GRADE KNOWN OPEN-PIT GOLD DEPOSITS

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Donlin Gold average grade<sup>1</sup>

2.24<sub>g/t</sub>

world average grade<sup>2</sup>

1.10<sub>g/t</sub>

While industry average grades are declining, Donlin Gold's grade provides resilience through commodity price cycles

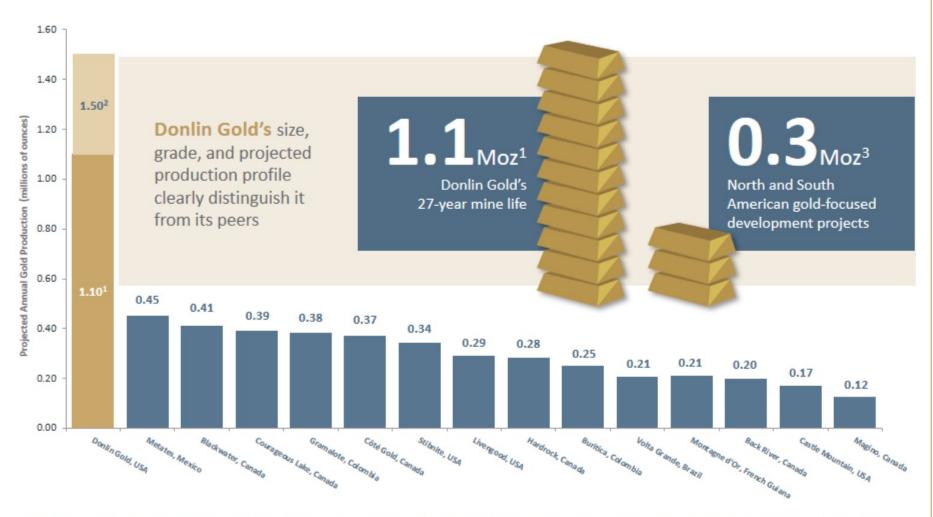
<sup>1)</sup> Represents average grade of measured and indicated mineral resources, inclusive of mineral reserves. See "Cautionary Note Concerning Reserve and Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31, respectively.

<sup>2) 2018</sup> average grade of open-pit and underground deposits with gold as primary commodity and over 1 Moz in measured and indicated resources, sourced from S&P Global Market Intelligence.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Positioned to be One of the World's Largest Gold Mines

### PROJECTED TO BECOME A MILLION-OUNCE GOLD PRODUCER<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1)</sup> Anticipated annual gold production during full life of mine if put into production as contemplated in the Second Updated Feasibility Study. See "Cautionary note concerning Reserve & Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31, respectively.

Anticipated annual gold production during first five full years of mine life if put into production as contemplated in the Second Updated Feasibility Study. See "Cautionary note concerning Reserve & Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31, respectively.

Average of comparison group data of 14 projects based on large (2Moz P&P cut off), North/South American gold-focused development projects with >75% projected revenues from gold, as per latest company documents, public fillings and websites as of August 31, 2019.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** One of Very Few Large Federally Permitted Projects

# TOP TEN GOLD PRODUCING OPERATIONS COMPARISON<sup>1</sup> ONLY FOUR OPERATIONS IN THE WORLD PRODUCED >1MOZ IN 2018



Operations in blue produced more than 1 Moz of gold in 2018

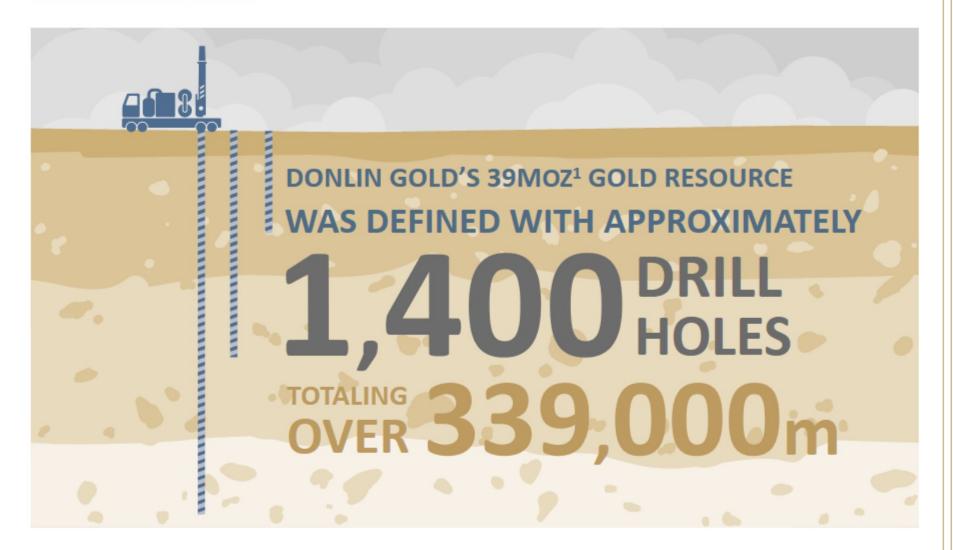
<sup>1)</sup> Estimates provided by S&P Global Intelligence. Slide shows the latest reported measured & indicated resources (inclusive of reserves) of the top 10 gold producing operations from 2018 as per SNL Metals & Mining, an offering of S&P Global Market Intelligence.

Represents 100% of measured and indicated mineral resources, inclusive of mineral reserves, of which NOVAGOLD's share is 50%. Donlin Gold is not in production and a construction decision has not been made at this time. See "Cautionary Note Concerning Reserve and Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31, respectively.

<sup>3)</sup> Joint venture of Barrick Gold (61.5%) and Newmont Goldcorp (38.5%), comprised of the Carlin, Cortez, Turquoise Ridge/Twin Creeks. Phoenix and Long Carryon mines plus exploration properties.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** The Right Project

ROBUST DRILL DATABASE



<sup>1)</sup> Represents 100% of measured and indicated mineral resources, inclusive of mineral reserves, of which NOVAGOLD's share is 50%. See "Cautionary Note Concerning Reserve and Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31, respectively.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Private Land Designated for Mining

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### TOPOGRAPHY AMENABLE TO SITE DEVELOPMENT WITH YEAR-ROUND OPERATIONS

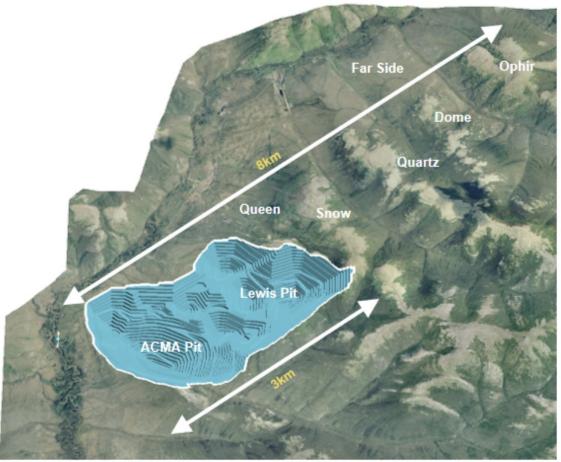


## **DONLIN GOLD:** Excellent Exploration Potential

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### SUBSTANTIAL EXPLORATION UPSIDE POTENTIAL ALONG THE 8 KM-LONG MINERALIZED TREND - THE NEXT BIG GOLD DISCOVERY COULD BE AT DONLIN GOLD

- From 2006 to 2011, M&I resources increased 135% (16.6Moz1 to 39.0Moz2) through a well-executed exploration program
- Reserves and resources are contained within just 3 km of an 8 km-long mineralized trend
- Inferred mineral resource: 6Moz of gold (92M tonnes grading 2.02 g/t Au) mainly inside the reserve pit3
- Future exploration potential exists to expand current resource along strike and at depth



ACMA and Lewis, as shown above, represent the reserve pit from the Second Updated Feasibility Study.

<sup>1)</sup> Represents measured and indicated mineral resources previously reported by NOVAGOLD and supported by a past technical report, "Preliminary Assessment, Donlin Creek Gold Project, Alaska, USA", effective September 20, 2006. Represents 100% of measured and indicated mineral resources reported, of which NOVAGOLD's share was 70% in September 2006. Measured resources totaled 20 million tonnes grading 2.56 grams per tonne, and indicated resources totaled 196 million tonnes grading 2.39 grams per tonne. estimate has been superseded by the estimate contained in the Second Updated Feasibility Study effective November 18, 2011 and amended January 20, 2012. For current mineral reserves and resources, refer to "Cautionary Note Concerning Reserve & Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31, respectively

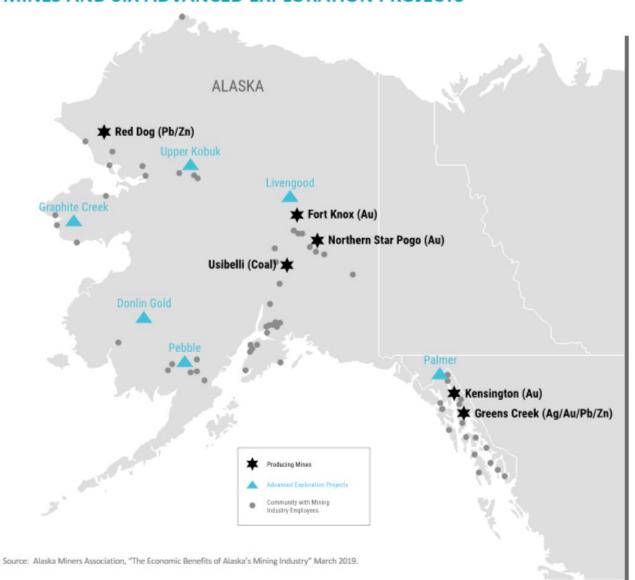
<sup>2)</sup> Represents 100% of measured and indicated mineral resources, inclusive of mineral resource, fixed by Novagous samples of Cautionary Note Concerning Reserve and Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31.

<sup>3)</sup> Represents 100% of inferred mineral resources, of which NOVAGOLD's share is 50%. See "Cautionary Note Concerning Reserve and Resource Estimates" and "Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource" table on slides 2 and 31. Inferred resources have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to whether they can be mined legally or economically.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Strong Support for Responsible Mining & Development

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# MINING IS AN IMPORTANT PART OF ALASKA'S ECONOMY WITH SIX PRODUCING MINES AND SIX ADVANCED EXPLORATION PROJECTS



## **Producing Mines:**

### Fort Knox

Kinross Gold Corp

### **Red Dog**

**Teck Resources Limited** 

### **Greens Creek**

**Hecla Mining Company** 

### Kensington

Coeur Mining Inc

### Northern Star Pogo

**Northern Star Resources** 

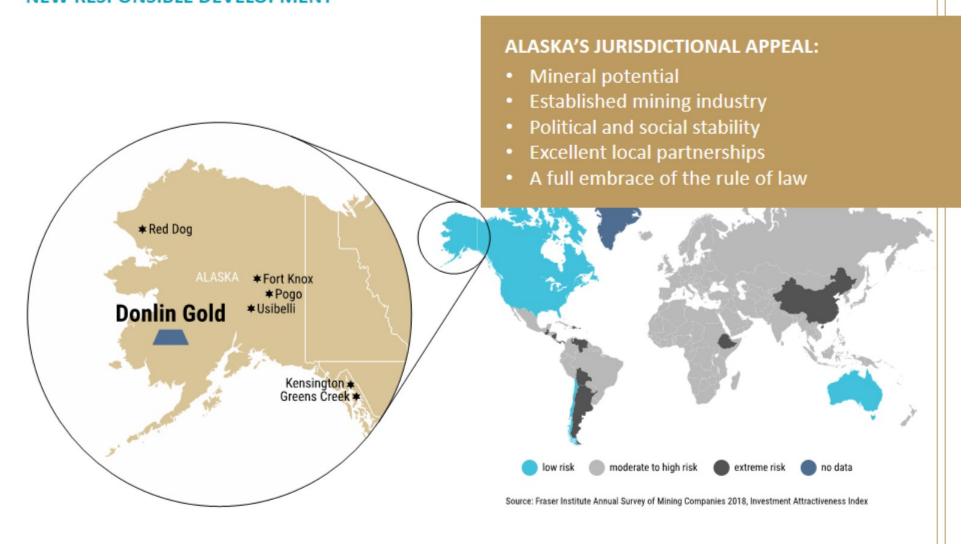
### Usibelli

Family-owned

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Leverage in a Place Where You Can Keep the Rewards

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# AT A TIME OF EXTREME GEOPOLITICAL UNCERTAINTY, ALASKA WELCOMES NEW RESPONSIBLE DEVELOPMENT



# **DONLIN GOLD:** Agreements with Alaska Native Corporations

### TIME-HONORED RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

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- Donlin Gold is located on private land specifically selected for its resource development potential
  - ANCSA<sup>1</sup> established 48 years ago; resolved Alaska Native land claims
  - Lands valuable for resource potential selected by Regional Corporations under ANCSA
- Calista Corporation and The Kuskokwim Corporation (TKC) are the two Native Corporations with an owner's interest in the development of the selected lands to support the economic prosperity of their shareholders
- Donlin Gold has been in partnership with Calista and TKC since 1995
- Benefits include royalties, shareholder employment opportunities, scholarships and preferential contract considerations



# **DONLIN GOLD:** A Federally Permitted Project in Alaska

### JOINT RECORD OF DECISION AND MAJOR FEDERAL PERMITS ISSUED1

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- · First time that two Federal agencies issued a joint ROD
- The Corps issued a combined Clean Water Act Section 404 & Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 permit
- · BLM issued the Offer to Lease for pipeline right of way



Col. Michael Brooks, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Alaska District former Commander, and Joe Balash, U.S. Department of the Interior's former Assistant Secretary of Land and Minerals Management sign the joint Record of Decision for the Donlin Gold project.

"The Corps and BLM in Alaska are pioneering this joint decision to show the public that their federal government can work together and make sound decisions on environmental reviews."

Col. Michael Brooks, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Alaska District former Commander

1) Media release from August 13, 2018

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Orderly Advancement up the Value Chain

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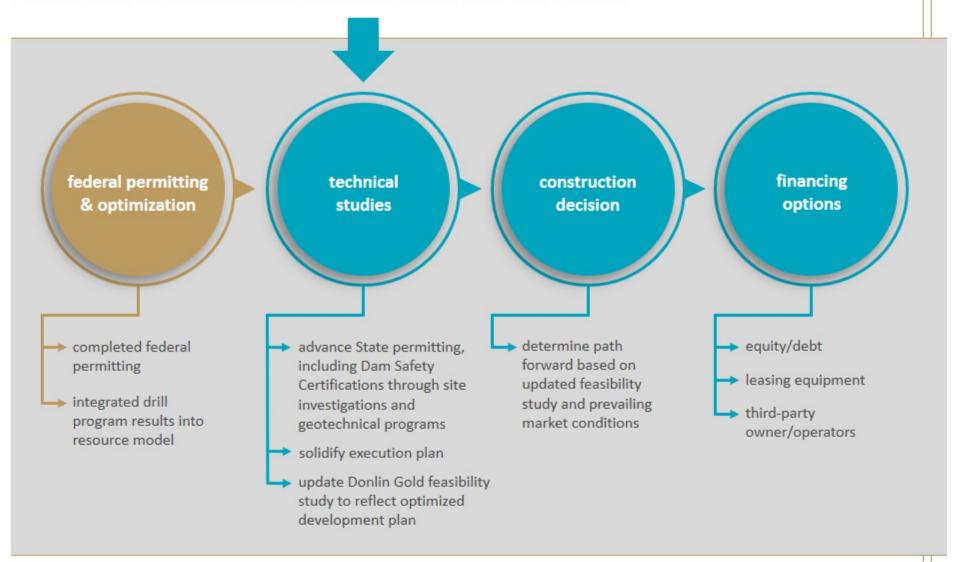
### PROGRESSING IN AN EFFICIENT, RESPONSIBLE AND COST-EFFECTIVE MANNER

DONLIN GOLD 2019 BUDGET OF \$25 MILLION FUNDED ON 50/50 BASIS BY NOVAGOLD & BARRICK						
Alaska State permits received since January 2019 and those progressing						
Reclamation and Closure Plan Approval issued January 18, 2019	/					
Waste Management Permit issued January 18, 2019	/					
Pipeline Right-of-Way Lease	In progress					
Mine/Transportation Facility Land Use Leases/Authorizations	In progress					
Dam Safety Certificates	In progress					
Geotechnical field program for Alaska Dam Safety Certificates						
Donlin Gold safety training conducted and camp re-opened	✓					
Geotechnical field program	In progress					
Optimization effort						
Complete scoping-level optimization work	In progress					
Solidify execution plan	TBD					
Ongoing external affairs & community investment						
Backhaul projects to remove hazardous waste from 14 villages and Bethel	1					
Partnering on community engagement in environmental, safety, educational and cultural initiatives	In progress					

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Upcoming Milestones in the Value Chain

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### POSITIONING THE PROJECT FOR GREATER SUCCESS INTO THE FUTURE



# **DONLIN GOLD:** Culture of Safety and Social Responsibility

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# Through Donlin Gold we implement our social responsibility programs and commitments in a number of important areas:









the health and welfare of **our people** (employees and stakeholders) the **well-being** of the **communities** in the Y-K region environmental stewardship of land, water, air, and biological resources communities our commitment to integrity in all aspects of our corporate governance

Supported City of Aniak fire safety training with TKC partner.

Distributed safety gear throughout the Yukon-Kuskokwim (Y-K) region.

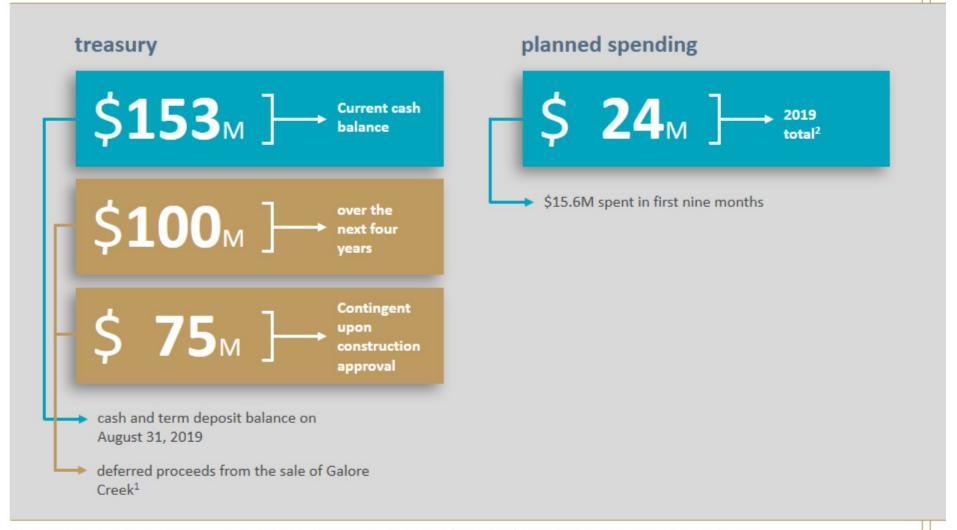
Village visits in the Y-K region with our Native Corporation partners. Supporting Crooked Creek in solid waste management, including landfill operations. Community Backhaul Projects – in the past year, removed more than 100,000 pounds of hazardous and electronic waste from 14 villages and Bethel on the Kuskokwim River.

Continued proactive communication with Calista and TKC shareholders as their perspectives help deepen our understanding of their priorities.

### **NOVAGOLD:** Well-Funded

### A HEALTHY TREASURY TO ADVANCE DONLIN GOLD TO THE NEXT STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT

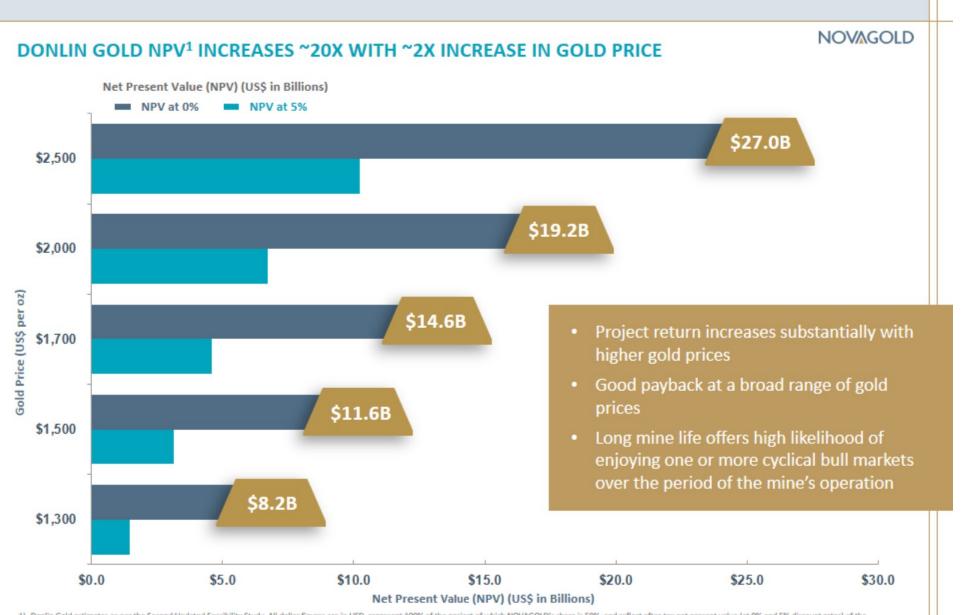
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Formerly 50%-owned by NOVAGOLD. Deferred compensation on sale of NOVAGOLD's 50% interest in Galore Creek totals \$100M: including \$75M on earlier of Pre-Feasibility Study or no later than July 27, 2021 and \$25M on earlier of Feasibility Study or no later than July 27, 2023. An additional \$75M is receivable upon approval of a Galore Creek construction plan by the owner(s).

<sup>2)</sup> Includes \$13M Donlin Gold and \$11M G&A.

# **DONLIN GOLD:** Significant Value Upside with Higher Gold Prices

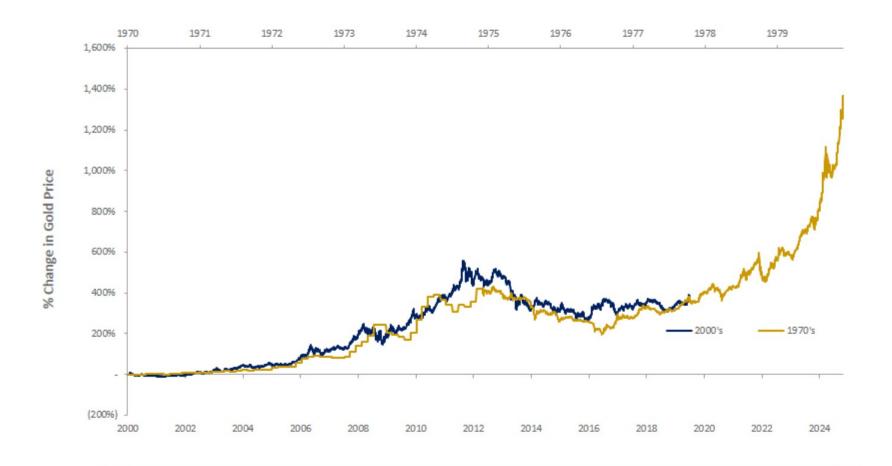


<sup>1)</sup> Donlin Gold estimates as per the Second Updated Feasibility Study. All dollar figures are in USD, represent 100% of the project of which NOVAGOLD's share is 50%, and reflect after-tax net present value (at 0% and 5% discount rates) of the Donlin Gold project using the feasibility study reference date of 1/1/2014 (start of Year -05) as the first year of discounting. Estimated project development costs of approximately \$172M to be spent prior to the reference date are treated as sunk costs. At a 5% discount rate, the net present value is: \$1,465M @ \$1,300 gold; \$4,581M @ \$1,700 gold; \$6,722M @ \$2,000 gold; and \$10,243M @ \$2,500 gold. The project requires a gold price of approximately \$902 per ounce to break even on a cash flow basis.

# **GOLD:** History is Repeating a Bull Market Pattern

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### WE'VE ONLY JUST BEGUN: PARALLEL STRUCTURE OF 1970-1977 BULL MARKET



Since 2011, gold has mostly followed the same structure, including the mid-cycle correction from 1975 to 1977

# GOLD: An Undervalued Currency Dr. Thomas Kaplan tells Bloomberg

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Gold Segment Full Interview 8:16-9:13

- "I was a believer that we were going to have an economic crisis, which is why I sold LEOR Energy and the platinum company...they were commodities. I wanted to go into an undervalued currency."
- "Gold is an undervalued currency that offers the best risk/reward proposition."
- "I like those things where the scarcity is assured."

Rubenstein asked how long he would have to wait to see the price level.

- "The first move...took gold from \$250 to \$1,900. For 12 consecutive years, gold was up every single year whether there were inflation fears or deflation fears, strong dollar, weak dollar, political stability, political instability. It didn't matter. Strong oil, weak oil...That to me is a bull market. We've now been in a correction which has taken gold from \$1,900 back to where we are today. You could easily see gold fall a couple of hundred dollars before going up a couple of thousand dollars.
- "But each move has been a decade or more, which means that when gold embarks upon its next move, I believe that you will see that long wave take gold relatively quickly, but it will be measured in years"
- "But then I do believe gold embarks on the next leg of its bull market and goes past \$1,900 and ultimately \$3,000 to \$5,000, if not a lot higher, depending on macro circumstances that today seem dim but I can't really quantify."

### **FULL BLOOMBERG INTERVIEW**

https://vimeo.com/user12308995/review/339227824/10c498387b

## GOLD: Bullish Conviction is no Longer a Rarity with Leading Investors

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"Gold is a currency. We have dollars, we have euros, we have yen and we have gold. If you don't have [10% of your assets in] gold, there is no sensible reason other than that you don't know history or you don't know the economics of it."

Ray Dalio, Bridgewater Associates, May 2015

"If the above things [North Korea, U.S. Debt ceiling] go badly, it would seem that gold (more than other save-haven assets like the dollar, yen and treasuries) would benefit, so if you don't have 5%-10% of your assets in gold as a hedge, we'd suggest you relook at this. Don't let traditional biases, rather than an excellent analysis, stand in the way of you doing this."

Ray Dalio, Bridgewater Associates, August 2017



"I'm certainly long gold."

Jeffrey Gundlach, Founder, DoubleLine Capital, June 2019

Based on classic chart reading, Gundlach said an "explosive, potential energy" of a huge "head-and-shoulders bottom" base was signaling a move of \$1,000 in gold prices. "It's getting almost exciting...something big is happening."

Jeffrey Gundlach, Founder, DoubleLine Capital, April 2018



"My favorite trade in the next 12 to 24 months is gold."..."If the price can break through \$1,400 it will push to \$1,700 an ounce rather quickly."..."We've had 75 years of expanding globalization and trade... and now all of a sudden it's stopped. That would make one think that it's possible we go into a recession; it would make one think that rates in the United States go back down to the zero bound level; gold in that situation is going to scream. [Gold] will be the antidote for people with equity portfolios."

Paul Tudor Jones, Tudor Investment Corp., June 2019



"I wanted to own some currency and no country wants its currency to strengthen. Gold was down a lot, so I bought it."

Stanley Druckenmiller, Duguesne Capital, February 2017

"...We regard gold as a currency and it remains our largest currency allocation...The Fed has borrowed from future consumption more than ever before. It is the least data dependent Fed in history. This is the longest deviation from historical norms in terms of Fed dovishness than I have ever seen in my career ...This kind of myopia causes reckless behavior."

Stanley Druckenmiller, Duguesne Capital, May 2016



"Central banks are continuing their greatest experiment in monetary policy in the history of the world... nearly all classes of investment have been boosted by the rising monetary tide. Meanwhile, growth remains anemic, with weak demand and deflation in many parts of the developed world... we saw interesting opportunities in other currencies as well as gold, the latter reflecting our concerns about monetary policy and every declining real yields..."

Jacob Rothschild, RIT Capital Partners, August 2016



"It makes a great deal of sense to own gold. Other investors may be finally starting to agree... Investors have increasingly started processing the fact that the world's central bankers are completely focused on debasing their currencies..."

Paul Singer, Elliot Management, April 2016

"We have thought, and still think, that confidence in central banks and policymakers has been unjustified and thus could erode or collapse at any time....Investors should come to grips, intellectually and viscerally, with the likelihood that most financial and monetary policymakers' knowledge of the world is somewhere between 'close to nothing' and 'way less than zero."

Paul Singer, Elliot Management, August 2017



"...there is a good case to be made that a shift in emerging markets towards accumulating gold would help the international financial system function more smoothly and benefit everyone"

# GOLD: Both a Diversifier and a Hedge for this Economic Cycle

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"Gold's long-term prospect is up, up and up, and the reason why I say that is money supply is up, up and up," Mobius, who set-up Mobius Capital Partners LLP last year after three decades at Franklin Templeton Investments, told Bloomberg TV. He added: "I think you have to be buying at any level, frankly."

Mark Mobius, Mobius Capital Partners LLP, August 2019



"Many central banks are stepping up gold purchases as they scramble to find reserve currencies they like. Nobody's crying when gold goes up, so there's really no anchor on how high it can go."

Jens Nordvig, Exan Data, September 2019



"For the first time in my life, I bought gold because it is a good hedge...Supply is shrinking and that is going to have a positive impact on the price....The amount of capital being put into new gold mines is almost nonexistent"

Sam Zell, Founder of Equity Group Investments, Bloomberg TV interview, January 18, 2019



"We've seen this monetary 'U-Turn' coming for a while now, since the start of the fourth quarter of last year. The first central bank to act was the People's Bank of China that lowered reserve requirements in October. The Federal Reserve is just the latest to join other banks. It's no coincidence that gold prices started to pick up momentum in the fourth quarter of last year... Central banks have tried to get out of this zero-interest-rate trap but they aren't able to. The market is addicted to cheap liquidity and I don't think that is going to change anytime soon. There is no way out for central banks caught in this trap. Gold does very well in this environment." Ronald-Peter Stoeferle, Fund Manager at Incrementum AG, January 29, 2019





"We're constructive on gold. We think it's going to be a valuable portfolio hedge. We're multi-asset investors: we think about its effect on the entire portfolio, and what we see value in right now is gold's value as a diversifier"

Russ Koesterich, Portfolio Manager at BlackRock Global Allocation Fund, in Bloomberg interview January 6, 2019



"We haven't seen flows like this since the first half of 2016 - when the gold market really took off. There seems to be a change in sentiment and investor psychology. People are waking up to the fact that we are late in the economic cycle and we could be ending [it] in the next year or two. That brings more risk into the system; that's why gold is moving up"

Joe Foster, Portfolio Manager and Strategist, VanEck, in Financial Times interview, January 15, 2019



"The U.S. is beginning to sport a debt-to-GDP ratio worthy of any banana republic. Therefore, we believe that exposure to gold is both timely and potentially rewarding"

John Hathaway, Senior Portfolio Manager, Tocqueville Asset Management, January 10, 2019

## **GOLD:** Sharp Underinvestment Impedes Output Growth

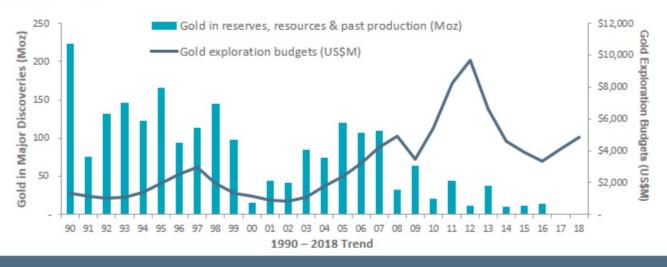
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In 2012, mining companies began implementing aggressive cost-cutting measures and curtailing expansion plans in an effort to protect margins, as shareholders abandoned growth stories in favor of maximizing returns from existing operations

- Exploration budgets for gold fell by ~65% from a peak in 2012 to a 10-year low 2016, according to S&P Global
- Though exploration budgets increased in 2017 and 2018, the 2018 gold exploration budget remains ~50% below its 2012 level

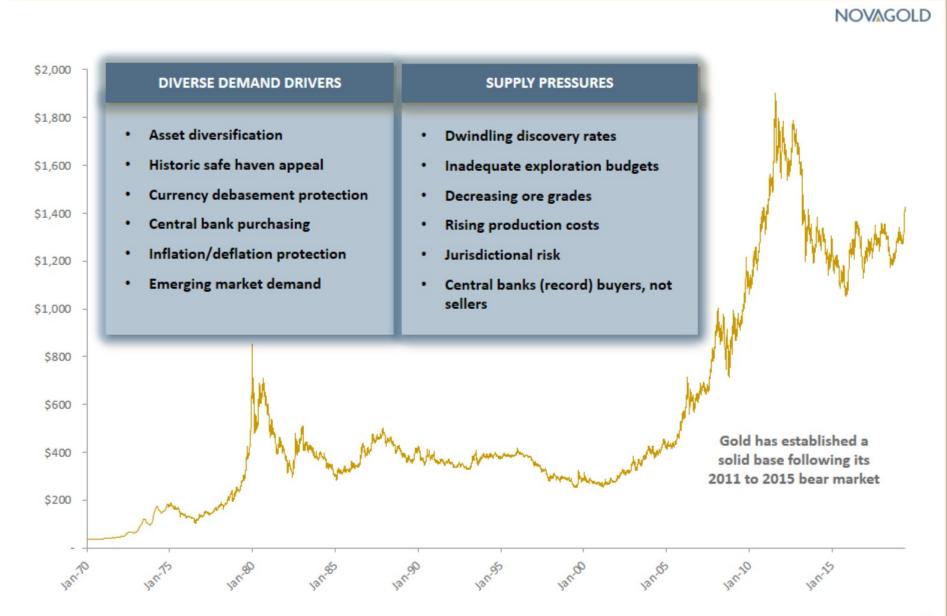
The shift to lower-reward late-stage and mine-site exploration programs reflects aversion to risk, yet the industry depends on grassroots and early-stage exploration for significant new discoveries

- Over the past ten years, only 34 major new deposits have been identified containing 213.3Moz of Au, which represents less than 10% of the gold discovered over the past 30 years<sup>1</sup>
- Grassroots exploration share of global budget continues to decline and dropped to a record low of just 26% in 2018, less than half
  of what is was in the 1990s<sup>1</sup>



NOVAGOLD believes that the severe spending cuts could exert additional pressure on the industry pipeline, and cause the discovery rate, and consequently the production rate, to decline even more rapidly

# **GOLD:** Supply Decreases as Demand Pressure Increases



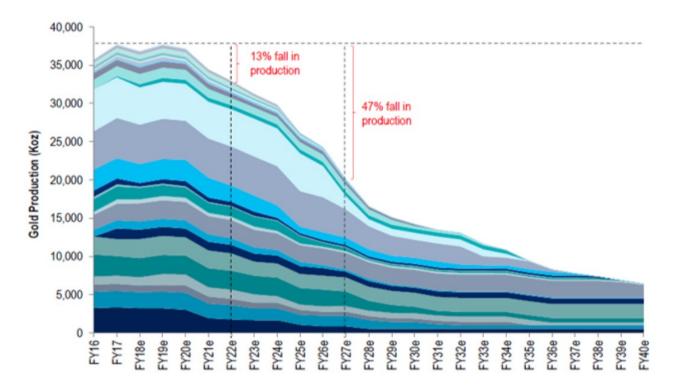
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### GOLD: Decline in Discoveries and Grade as Global Production Peaks

NOVAGOLD

### MINE SUPPLY IS SET TO DECLINE AFTER YEARS OF INCREASES

- Existing mines are being depleted and grades are declining, while few new discoveries have been identified to replace them
- Existing mine production is forecasted to decline 13% by 2022 and 47% by 2027\*
- \$130 billion in cumulative capex is forecasted to sustain current gold output to 2026\*



Gold production from major existing mines could fall sharply post 2020 onwards<sup>1</sup>

# **GOLD:** Outperforms Other Asset Classes in a Recession

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### SOLID PROTECTION FROM ASSET MARKET DISLOCATIONS

Gold has proven itself to be an effective hedge in episodes of risk aversion over the past three decades, rising almost 10% per episode, while broader equities recorded an average loss of ~22%

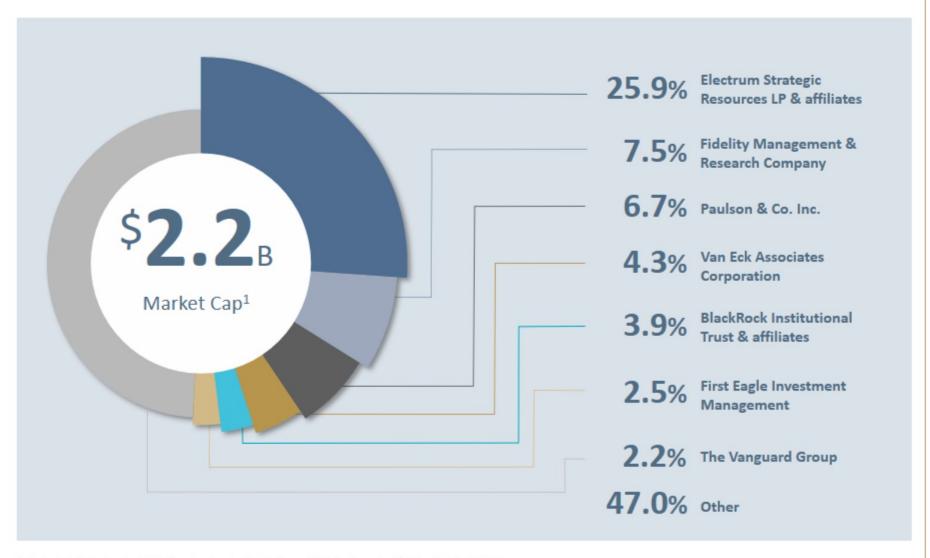
	Start	End	S&P 500 Index	U.S. Treasuries	Gold	HUI (Gold Equities Index)
1987 Crash	8/25/1987	10/19/1987	-33.20%	-2.60%	5.00%	N/A
Iraq invades Kuwait	7/17/1990	10/12/1990	-18.40%	0.80%	7.60%	N/A
Russia / Long-Term Capital Management crisis	7/20/1998	10/8/1998	-19.00%	5.30%	1.20%	6.70%
September 11, 2001 attacks	9/10/2001	10/11/2002	-23.50%	11.20%	16.60%	76.90%
Global financial crisis	12/13/2007	5/29/2009	-38.20%	10.00%	22.80%	0.60%
2010 Euro Zone crisis and flash crash	4/20/2010	7/1/2010	-14.90%	4.50%	5.10%	6.30%
U.S. sovereign debt downgrade	7/25/2011	8/9/2011	-12.30%	3.60%	7.80%	-4.40%
China worries	8/18/2015	2/11/2016	-12.80%	3.50%	11.50%	33.40%
Average			-21.54%	4.54%	9.70%	19.92%

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# **NOVAGOLD:** Strong Institutional Shareholder Support

NOVAGOLD

### 53% OF SHARES ISSUED & OUTSTANDING HELD BY SEVEN LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS<sup>2</sup>



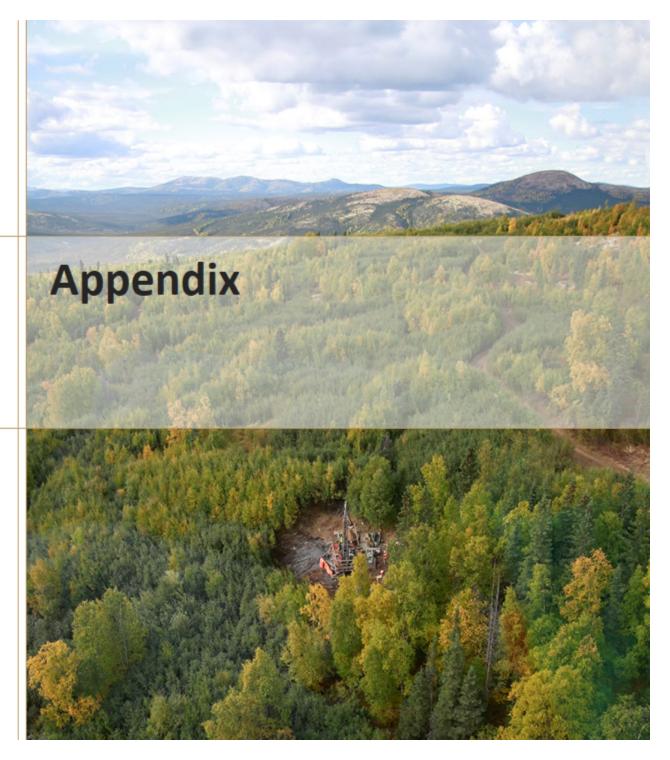
<sup>1)</sup> Market Capitalization based on 326.9 million shares issued and outstanding and NG closing share price of \$6.77 as of October 25, 2019.

<sup>2)</sup> Shareholder positions are based on the latest 13-D, 13-F or 13-G filings as of June 30, 2019.

# The **NOVAGOLD** Opportunity



Long standing shareholders and engaged partners



NOVAGOLD | SOLID. SECURE. GOLDEN.

### **NOVAGOLD:** Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource

### NOVAGOLD

Donlin Gold (100% basis)*	Tonnage	Grade	Metal content	Mineral reserves and resources are reported on a 100% basis.
GOLD	kt	g/t Au	koz Au	
Reserves <sup>(1)</sup>				NOVAGOLD and Barrick each own 50% of the
Proven	7,683	2.32	573	Donlin Gold project.  Donlin Gold approximate cut-off grades (see Resources Footnotes):
Probable	497,128	2.08	33,276	
P&P	504,811	2.09	33,849	
Resources <sup>(2)</sup> , inclusive of Reserves	Reserves 1: 0.57 g/t gold Resources 2: 0.46 g/t			
Measured	7,731	2.52	626	gold  t = metric tonne g/t = grams/tonne oz = ounce k = thousand M = million
Indicated	533,607	2.24	38,380	
M&I	541,337	2.24	39,007	
Inferred	92,216	2.02	5,993	

- a) This resource estimate has been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and the CIM Definition Standard, unless otherwise noted.
- b) See numbered footnotes below on resource information.
- c) Rounding as required by reporting guidelines may result in apparent summation differences between tonnes, grade and contained metal content
- d) Tonnage and grade measurements are in metric units. Contained gold is reported as troy ounces.
- 1) Mineral Reserves are contained within Measured and Indicated pit designs, and supported by a mine plan, featuring variable throughput rates, stockpiling and cut-off optimization. The pit designs and mine plan were optimized on diluted grades using the following economic and technical parameters: Metal price for gold of US\$975/oz; reference mining cost of US\$1.67/t incremented US\$0.0031/t/m with depth from the 220 m elevation (equates to an average mining cost of US\$2.14/t), variable processing cost based on the formula 2.1874 x (5%) + 10.65 for each US\$1, processed; general and administrative cost of US\$2.27/t processed; stockpile rehandle costs of US\$0.19/t processed assuming that 45% of mill feed is rehandled; variable recoveries by rock type, ranging from 86.66% in shale to 94.17% in intrusive rocks in the Akivik domain; refining and freight charges of US\$1.78/ex gold; royalty considerations of 4.5%; and variable pit slope angles, ranging from 23° to 43°. Mineral Reserves are reported using an optimized net sales return value based on the following equation: Net Sales Return = Au grade \* Recovery \* (US\$975/oz 1.78 + (US\$975/oz 1.78) \* 0.045)) (10.65 + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.27 + 0.19) and reported in US\$/tonne. Assuming an average recovery of 89.54% and an average S% grade of 1.07%, the marginal gold cut-off grade would be approximately 0.57 g/t, or the gold grade that would equate to a 0.001 NSR cut-off at these same values. The life of mine strip ratio is 5.48. The assumed life-of-mine throughput rate is \$3.5 kt/d.
- 2) Mineral Resources are contained within a conceptual Measured, Indicated and Inferred optimized pit shell using the following assumptions: gold price of US\$1,200/oz; variable process cost based on 2.1874 \* (sulphur grade) + 10.6485; administration cost of US\$2.29/t; refining, freight & marketing (selling costs) of US\$1.85/oz recovered; stockpile rehandle costs of US\$0.20/t processed assuming that 45% of mill feed is rehandled; variable royalty rate, based on royalty of 4.5% \* (Au price selling costs). \* Mineral Resources have been estimated using a constant Net Sales Return cut-off of US\$0.001/t milled. The Net Sales Return was calculated using the formula: Net Sales Return = Au grade \* Recovery \* (US\$1,200/oz (1.85) \* 0.045)) (10.65) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20)) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045)) (10.65) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20)) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045)) (10.65) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045)) (10.65) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045)) (10.65) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* (5%) + 2.29 + 0.20) and reported in US\$1.000 oz (1.85) \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1.065) + 2.1874 \* 0.045) (1

#### **Technical Reports and Qualified Persons**

The documents referenced below provide supporting technical information for the Donlin Gold project.

Project Qualified Person(s) Most Recent Disclosure

Donlin Gold Gordon Seibel R.M. SME "D

Gordon Seibel R.M. SME "Donlin Creek Gold Project Alaska, USA, NI 43-101 Technical Report on Second Updated Feasibility Study" prepared by AMEC, effective November 18, 2011, amended January 20, 2012 (the "Second

Kirk Hanson P.E. Updated Feasibility Study").

